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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/267,150	03/11/1999	DAVID V JAMES	SONY-50M2389	6648

7590

09/29/2003

WAGNER MURABITO & HAO
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EXAMINER

ONUAKU, CHRISTOPHER O

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2615

DATE MAILED: 09/29/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.
09/267,150

Applicant(s)
James

Examiner
Christopher O. Onuaku

Art Unit
2615



-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jun 26, 2003
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above, claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claims _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

- 14) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _____ 6) ☐ Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CAR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CAR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CAR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CAR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CAR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CAR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 6/26/03 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-32 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 15&27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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5. Claims 15&27 recites the limitation "said plurality of mass storage units" in lines 15&16, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for the purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

7. Claims 1,2&4-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brown et al (US 5,875,446).

Regarding claim 1, Brown et al disclose a system and method for generating grouped hierarchical views (with ranking) for a set of (hypermedia) objects in a query context based on one or more relationships, comprising:

a) associating an object with stored data (see col.7, lines 16-25 and col.7, lines 45-52);

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b) deriving a unique object identifier for the object and assigning said unique object identifier to the object, wherein the unique object identifier is unique (see object Id and col.11, lines 33-55);

c) maintaining the object in a hierarchical organization with other objects, wherein the hierarchical organization comprises an object list, the object list containing the unique object identifier and other unique object identifiers for the other objects (see object list of Fig.7B, col.6, lines 47-67, and col.11, line 55 to col.12, line 11); and

d) accessing the object using the unique object identifier (see col.14, line 63 to col.15, line 5).

Regarding claim 2, Brown discloses wherein step b) comprises the step of using an embedded system of the mass storage device to derive and assign the unique object identifier (see col.6, line 31 to col.7, line 12 and col.11, line 33 to col.12, line 11).

Regarding claim 4, Brown discloses wherein step of deriving a unique object identifier for the object and assigning the unique object identifier to the object, wherein the unique object identifier is not based on a physical location of the stored data within the mass storage unit further comprises the step of including in the unique object identifier an identification number unique to the mass storage unit such that the unique object identifier is unique for a plurality of

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mass storage units (see object Id 225 which is a unique identifier for the object that corresponds to the current entry; col.6, lines 25-30; col.11, lines 33-55).

Regarding claim 5, Brown discloses wherein step c) further comprises the step of creating a table of contents containing a list of objects associated with data stored on the mass storage unit (see the table of Fig.6A&6B which is a table that contains information about each of the objects in the collection; col.11, lines 33-55).

Regarding claim 6, Brown further teaches wherein step c) further comprises the step of associating a first object to a second object using a unique object identifier for the second object (see the list in Fig.6A&7B wherein each document/object has its own object Id; col.11, line 33 to col.12, line 11).

Regarding claim 7, Brown further teaches wherein the step of accessing the object using the unique object identifier further comprises locating the first object using a unique object identifier for the first object, and locating the second object using the unique object identifier for the second object (see col.14, line 63 to col.15, line 5), here each object can be accessed by using each unique object Id.

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Regarding claim 8, Brown further discloses wherein step d) further comprises the step of locating the object using descriptive data, wherein the object contains the descriptive data for describing the stored data (see Fig.6A and a set 240 of Attributes 245; col.11, lines 33-55).

Regarding claim 9, Brown further discloses the method comprising the steps of accessing the object and executing a command using the object (see col.12, line 63 to col.13, line 23, and col.14, line 63 to col.15, line 5).

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. Claims 10-13,15-27&29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown et al in view of Taira (US 6,415,098).

Regarding claim 10, Brown fails to disclose the method wherein the command specifies that the stored data associated with the object are to be recorded.

Taira teaches Taira teaches an improvement of an image recording/reproducing apparatus which records/reproduces image data with respect to a recording medium capable of recording a

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large amount of data comprising, including the method wherein the command specifies that the stored data associated with the object are to be recorded (see col.6, line 65 to col.7, line 3; col.11, lines 20-39). The command which specifies that the stored data are to be recorded provides the desirable advantage of allowing the user to record any desired stored data. It would have been obvious to modify Brown by realizing Brown with the means to execute a command to record stored data, as taught by Taira, since this provides the desirable advantage of allowing a user to record any desired stored data.

Regarding claim 11, Taira teaches the method wherein the command specifies that the stored data associated with the object are be played (see col.8, lines 29-35).

Regarding claim 12, Taira teaches the method wherein the command is for writing to the stored data associated with the object (see col.8, lines 29-35).

Regarding claim 13, Taira teaches the method wherein the command is for reading from the stored data associated with the object (see col.6, line 65 to col.7, line 3; col.11, lines 20-39).

Regarding claim 15, the claimed limitations of claim 15 are accommodated in the discussions of claim 1 above, except Taira further teaches a head positioned adjacent to a surface of the medium such that the data are read to and written from the surface using the head (see

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Taira Fig.1; optical head 11 of optical disc 10, which is a read/write head; col.4, lines 55-65, and the microcontroller for controlling movement of the head which is inherent in Taira since the optical head of Taira is movable.

Regarding claim 16, Brown discloses the step wherein the unique object identifier is derived such that the unique object identifier is unique to the mass storage unit (see col.6, lines 25-30; col.11, lines 33-55).

Regarding claim 17, the claimed limitations of claim 17 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 4&15 above.

Regarding claim 18, the claimed limitations of claim 18 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 5&15 above.

Regarding claim 19, the claimed limitations of claim 19 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 6&15 above.

Regarding claim 20, the claimed limitations of claim 20 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 7&15 above.

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Regarding claim 21, the claimed limitations of claim 21 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 8&15 above.

Regarding claim 22, the claimed limitations of claim 22 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 9&15 above.

Regarding claim 23, the claimed limitations of claim 23 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 10&15 above.

Regarding claim 24, the claimed limitations of claim 24 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 11&15 above.

Regarding claim 25, the claimed limitations of claim 25 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 12&15 above.

Regarding claim 26, the claimed limitations of claim 26 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 13&15 above.

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Regarding claim 27, the claimed limitations of claim 27 are accommodated in the discussions of claim 15 above, wherein the limitation “a data transfer means” reads on “a read/write head”.

Regarding claim 29, the claimed limitations of claim 29 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 5&27 above.

Regarding claim 30, the claimed limitations of claim 30 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 6&27 above.

Regarding claim 31, the claimed limitations of claim 31 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 8&27 above.

Regarding claims 32, the claimed limitations of claim 32 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 9&27 above.

10. Claims 3&14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown et al in view of Hoover et al (US 5,724,575).

Regarding claim 3, Brown fails to explicitly disclose the method wherein step b) further comprises the step of including in the unique object identifier a date and time corresponding to

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when the unique object identifier is derived such that the unique object identifier is unique to the mass storage unit.

Hoover et al teach an object-oriented distributed database system that transforms data stored in a plurality of remote, possibly heterogeneous user database structures into a homogeneous data model, stores location information and status information relating to the heterogeneous data via a centralized object broker for object management, thereby facilitating location and retrieval of data items from one or more of the remote, heterogeneous user databases, including object broker 20 which includes a global address space manager module 100 whose function is to allocate object identifiers or "object ID's" from a global or galactic address space. Every instance of an object in the system is assigned a unique identifier that persists indefinitely (see Fig.6; col.22, lines 27-41). Further, the STATUS field contains information indicative of the status of information at a given remote database, and the STATUS field comprises a time stamp indicative of the date and time of last updating of information pertaining to that particular object identifier at the specified location (see col.24, line 61 to col.25, line 6). Adding date and time of last updating of information pertaining to that particular object identifier at the specified location provides the desirable advantage of providing to the user a more complete and current information on the status of a particular object identifier. Note that the examiner reads the updating of object identifier by adding the date and time of last updating of object identifier as "including in said unique object identifier a date and time corresponding to when said unique object identifier is derived".

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It would have been obvious to modify Brown by including in said unique object identifier a date and time corresponding to when said unique object identifier is derived, as taught by Hoover, since provides the desirable advantage of providing to the user a more complete and current information on the status of a particular object identifier.

Regarding claim 14, Hoover further teaches the method wherein the mass storage device is a magnetic disk device (see Fig.2, and 6 gigabyte hard disks 20a&20b of object broker computer systems; col.12, lines 8-27). Here examiner reads a hard disk as a magnetic disk.

11. Claim 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown et al in view of Taira and further in view of Hoover et al (US 5,724,575).

Regarding claim 28, the claimed limitations of claim 28 are accommodated in the discussions of claims 3&27 above.

Conclusion

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from this examiner should be directed to Christopher Onuaku whose telephone number is (703) 308-7555. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Thursday from 7:30 am to 5:00 pm. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Monday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone is unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew B. Christensen, can be reached on (703) 308-9644.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314, (for formal communications intended for entry)

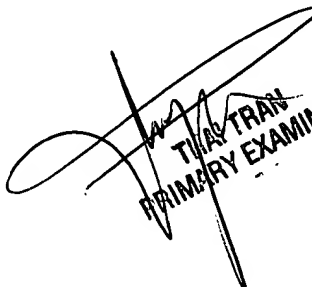
and (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.


COO

9/1703


THIA TRAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER